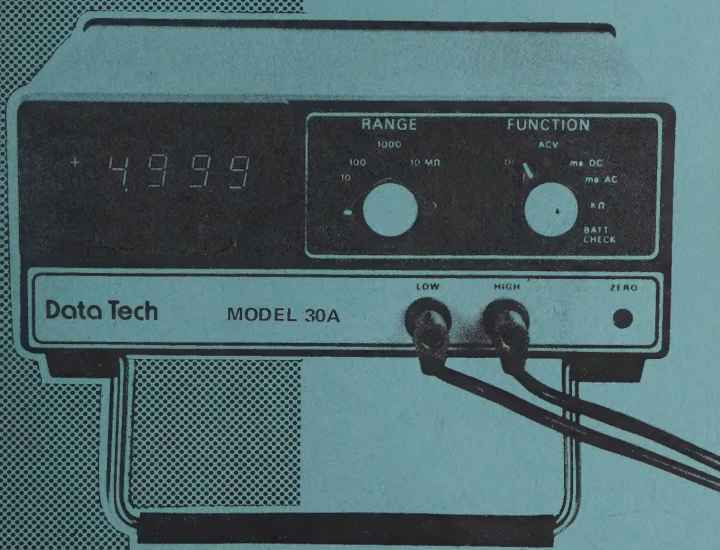


MODEL 30A

3½ DIGIT

MULTIMETER



DATA TECH
A DIVISION OF PENRIL CORP.

Operation Manual

MODEL 30A

NOTICE

This document contains proprietary information which shall not be reproduced or transferred to other documents or disclosed to others, or used for manufacturing or any other purpose without prior written permission of Data Tech. Where related to a U.S. Government contract, such information may be disclosed as provided in such contract and may also be used by the U.S. Government for maintenance, servicing and repair purposes or as otherwise provided by such prior written permission.

WARRANTY

Within one year of delivery, we will repair or replace at our option your Data Tech product if any part of it is defective in material or workmanship. Labor is included. Just return the product to us freight prepaid.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section

I

GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND SPECIFICATIONS

II

OPERATION

III

THEORY OF OPERATION

IV

CALIBRATION AND AID TO TROUBLESHOOTING

V

SPECIAL MODIFICATIONS

VI

DRAWINGS AND PARTS LISTS



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2025

SECTION I

GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND SPECIFICATIONS

1-1. GENERAL

1-2. The model 30A is a 3.5-digit digital multi-meter (DMM). The measurement functions are dc voltage, ac voltage, dc current, ac current, and ohms. All measurement functions have five ranges except ohms which has six. The range limits are set at ± 4999 counts. The display flashes for readings in excess of 4999 counts.

1-3. BATTERY/CHARGER OPTIONS

1-4. The model 30A is available with or without batteries, and functions in any of the following modes:

Battery only

Battery and charger

Charger only; batteries removed

Unit OFF; batteries charging

1-5. The unit also functions using any of the large variety of "D" size batteries available, however, only nickel cadmium batteries are rechargeable.

1-6. CHARGER OPTIONS

1-7. Chargers are available for operation from three power sources—115, 100, and 230 volts rms, 50 to 60 hertz.

1-8. OPTIONAL IC SOCKETS

1-9. The user is afforded greater ease of repair when an assembly is specified with IC sockets. When this option is not specified, the IC's are soldered directly to the printed circuit board.

1-10. OPTIONAL SPARES AND ACCESSORIES

1-11. Table 1-2 shows a list of spares and accessories for the model 30A.

Table 1-1. Model 30A Assemblies

Assembly Number	Batteries (4)	IC Sockets	Main Power
549590-102			100Vrms
549590-103			115Vrms
549590-104			230Vrms
549590-105		X	100Vrms
549590-106		X	115Vrms
549590-107		X	230Vrms
549590-108	X		100Vrms
549590-109	X		115Vrms
549590-110	X		230Vrms
549590-111	X	X	100Vrms
549590-112	X	X	115Vrms
549590-113	X	X	230Vrms

1-11. SPECIAL MODIFICATIONS

1-12. The units which are modified to customer's special requirements do not reflect an assembly number as specified in Table 1-1. For details on special modifications, see Section V.

1-13. SPECIFICATIONS

1-14. See Table 1-3.

Table 1-2. Accessories and Spares

Assembly Number	Description
532062-100	Universal test lead kit
548829-100	Rack mount kit (single)
548830-100	Rack mount kit (side-by-side)
548434-100	Carrying case
532051-003	Battery (need 4)
532121-001	115Vrms charger
532121-002	230Vrms charger
532121-003	100Vrms charger
532104-100	High Voltage Probe
532103-100	Demodulator Probe

Table 1-3. Specifications

DC Volts		
Range	Resolution	Input Impedance
$\pm 500\text{mV}$	$100\mu\text{V}$	$1000\text{M}\Omega$
$\pm 5\text{V}$	1mV	$1000\text{M}\Omega$
$\pm 50\text{V}$	10mV	$10\text{M}\Omega$
$\pm 500\text{V}$	100mV	$10\text{M}\Omega$
$\pm 1000\text{V}$	1V	$10\text{M}\Omega$
Accuracy ($23 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$; 90 day)		
$\pm 500\text{mV}$ range		$\pm(0.1\% \text{ rdg} + 0.05\% \text{FS})$
$\pm 5\text{V}$ range		$\pm(0.1\% \text{ rdg} + 0.04\% \text{FS})$
$\pm 50\text{V}$, $\pm 500\text{V}$, and $\pm 1000\text{V}$ ranges		$\pm(0.15\% \text{ rdg} + 0.04\% \text{FS})$
Maximum Input Voltage		
All except $\pm 1000\text{V}$ range		1000Vdc/rms
$\pm 1000\text{V}$ range		1400V
Response Time (5V Step)		400ms max
Input Current		$100\text{pA max} \approx \text{doubles every } 10^\circ\text{C}$
NMR (60Hz)		38dB min
CMR (0 – 60Hz)		100dB min
CMV (line operation)		1500V pk max
AC Volts		
Range	Resolution	Input Impedance
$\pm 500\text{mV}$	$100\mu\text{V}$	$20\text{M}\Omega$; 60pF
$\pm 5\text{V}$	1mV	$20\text{M}\Omega$; 60pF
$\pm 50\text{V}$	10mV	$1\text{M}\Omega$; 60pF
$\pm 500\text{V}$	100mV	$1\text{M}\Omega$; 60pF
$\pm 1000\text{V}$	1V	$1\text{M}\Omega$; 60pF
Accuracy ($23 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$; 90 days)		
45Hz to 5kHz		$\pm(0.5\% \text{ rdg} + 0.05\% \text{FS})$
5kHz to 10kHz		$\pm(1\% \text{ rdg} + 0.05\% \text{FS})$
Maximum Input Voltage		1000Vrms/dc
Response Time (5V Step)		3s max
Input Frequency Range		45Hz to 10kHz

Table 1-3. Specifications (Continued)

Ohms

Range	Resolution	Test Current
0 — 500 Ω	0.1 Ω	1mA
0 — 5k Ω	1 Ω	1mA
0 — 50k Ω	10 Ω	100 μ A
0 — 500k Ω	100 Ω	10 μ A
0 — 5M Ω	1k Ω	1 μ A
0 — 50M Ω	10k Ω	100nA

Accuracy (23 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C; 90 days)	$\pm$ (0.15% rdg + 0.05%FS)
Maximum Input Voltage	
Continuous	150Vrms
Short Term (<5 min)	250Vrms
Response Time	
All except 0 — 50M Ω range	400ms max
0 — 50M Ω range	6s max

DC Current

Range	Resolution	Input Impedance
$\pm$ 500 μ A	100nA	1k Ω
$\pm$ 5mA	1 μ A	100 Ω
$\pm$ 50mA	10 μ A	10 Ω
$\pm$ 500mA	100 μ A	1 Ω
$\pm$ 5A	1mA	$\approx$ 0.2 Ω

Accuracy (23 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C; 90 days)	$\pm$ (0.3% rdg + 0.05%FS)
Maximum Input Current ①	.5A (fused)
Response Time (5V Step)	500ms max

AC Current

Range	Resolution	Input Impedance
0 — 500 μ A	100nA	1k Ω
0 — 5mA	1 μ A	100 Ω
0 — 50mA	10 μ A	10 Ω
0 — 500mA	100 μ A	1 Ω
0 — 5A	1mA	$\approx$ 0.2 Ω

Accuracy (23 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C; 90 days)	
45Hz to 5kHz	$\pm$ (0.7% rdg + 0.1%FS)
5kHz to 10kHz	$\pm$ (1.2% rdg + 0.1%FS)
Maximum Input Current ①	.5A (fused)
Response Time (5V Step)	3s max
Input Frequency Range	45Hz to 5kHz

NOTES:

- ① Limit $\approx$ 3A current applications to 1 min on 50 & 500mA ranges

Table 1-3. Specifications (Continued)

General

Conversion Time $\approx 70 - 105\text{ms}$

Environment

Operating Temperature

w/Battery 0°C to 40°C

w/o Battery 0°C to 55°C

Storage Temperature

w/Battery -10°C to 50°C

w/o Battery -10°C to 80°C

Relative Humidity 80% max

Physical Characteristics

Weight

w/Battery 3.0 lb (1.34kg)

w/o Battery 2.3 lb (1.05kg)

Size 2.5 x 6.25 x 9 in (63,5 x 168,8 x 228,6mm)

Signal Input banana jacks (2)

Front Panel Controls rotary switches (2)

Charger — ac Converter Input back panel receptacle

Stand 2 in tilt-up for carrying or viewing ease

Display 1/3-in Gas discharge
Flashes for counts greater than 4999.

Power 4 "D" size Ni Cd batteries or charger

Battery Charge Life 16 hrs min

Charge Time (4.6V Battery to Full Charge) 16 hrs max (in use or OFF
with charger activated)

Charger

Frequency 50 to 60Hz

Power 3W max

Voltage 115Vac std; 100 or 230Vac options

NOTE

With function set to "BATT" and range on "5,"
displays less than 4.600 indicate recharge required.

SECTION II OPERATION

2-1. BATTERY INSTALLATION

2-2. To gain access to the batteries, remove the rear battery cover by first removing the four Phillips screws. As viewed from the rear, with the Model 30A in the upright position, direct the terminals of the batteries into the left-to-right battery positions as follows: minus, plus, minus, plus. These polarities are marked on the inside battery positions of the rear panel.

2-3. BATTERY CHARGING AND OPERATION

2-4. To charge the batteries, connect the charger plug to the receptacle in the rear plate as well as to the 50-60 hertz power main. To determine when the batteries require charging, set the function switch to "BATT." The batteries should never be allowed to discharge below a 4.6 volt "BATT" reading, as the life of the batteries is,

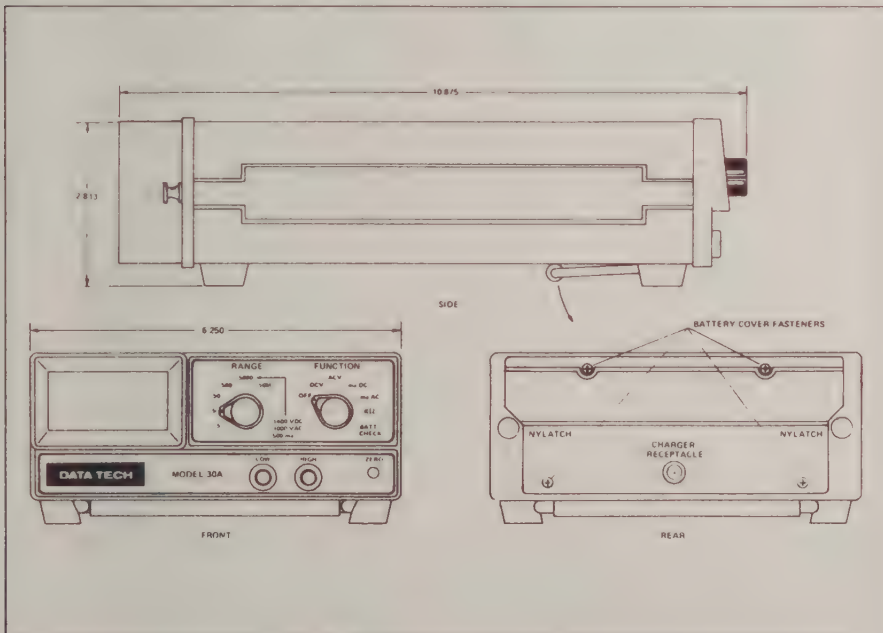


Figure 2-1. Physical Layout

thereby, shortened. The time required to reach full charge from the 4.6 volt point is 16 hours. The full-charge "BATT" reading is about 5.5 volts. The life of the batteries is not shortened by overcharging, and the Model 30A may be operated while battery charging is in process. A full charge yields a minimum of 16 hours operation. The battery life should be in excess of 1000 charge-discharge cycles. Do not attempt to charge other than nickel cadmium batteries.

2-7. OPERATION

2-8. Operating the model 30A consists of providing input connections and setting range and function switches consistent with the measured source.

CAUTION

If the display flashes, an overrange condition exists. Do not apply input levels in excess of those specified in Table 1-3 (Specifications). On the high ranges, the flash does not occur until the maximum input level is substantially exceeded.

Remove input before switching functions.

2-9. Function Switch

2-10. The function switch sets the Model 30A for either dc volt, ac volt, dc milliampere, ac milliampere, or kilohm measurements, also battery check and power OFF.

2-11. Range Switch

2-12. The range switch shifts the decimal point. The range switch also includes a 50 megohm position. Each function has five ranges — .5, 5, 50, 500, 5000, with the 50 megohm position providing an additional ohm position.

2-13. Zero

2-14. The zero potentiometer is accessible through a hole in the front panel. To set zero, short the input terminals and set the unit on the .5 range and Vdc function. Using a small screwdriver adjust for a 0000 display with the polarity toggling.

THEORY OF OPERATION

3-1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3-2. Dual Slope Integration (Figure 3-1)

3-3. The model 30A employs the dual-slope technique of converting analog levels to digital numbers. The integrator slope, during t1 time, is proportional to the input level. During t2 time, the slope is reversed and held constant, returning the integrator to the level of origin. When the level of origin is reached, the t2 count is displayed. This displayed number corresponds to the analog input.

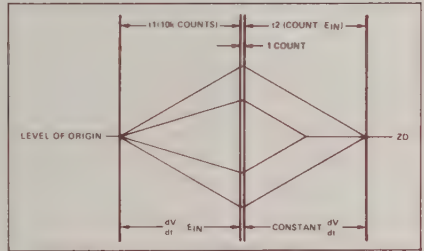


Figure 3-1. Dual Slope Integration

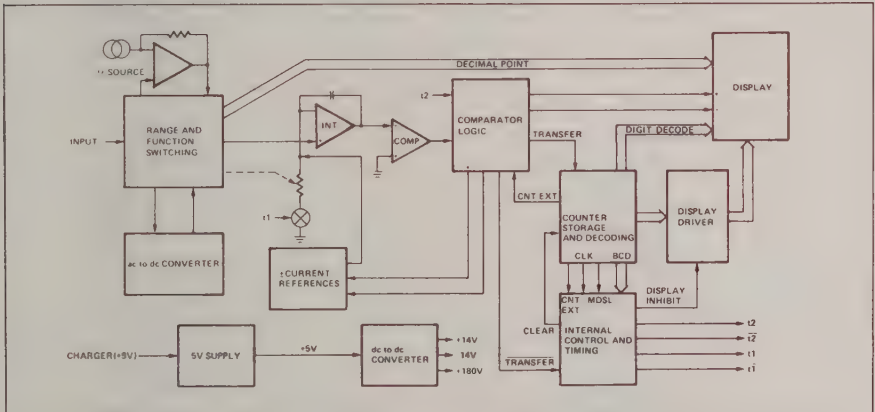


Figure 3-2. Functional Block Diagram

3-4. Functional Block (Figure 3-2)

3-5. The model 30A includes an integrator, comparator, plus and minus current references and various digital control, timing, and display cir-

cuitry to form the basic converter. Additional circuits are the power supply, ac-to-dc converter, ohms current source, and input switching, which add the function, range, and battery or line versatility.

3-9. The stored t2 count is multiplexed and decoded into 4 by 4 and 4 by 7 formats of BCD and 7-segment codes. The 7-segment format is in turn demultiplexed for the 4-digit display.

3-7. During t_2 time, one of the current references is enabled, the integrator gain resistor is disconnected from GROUND and is replaced by the enabled current reference as the source for the integrator. The selected current reference reverses the integration slope, returning the level to the point of origin.

3-8. When the point of origin is reached, the comparator changes state and a TRANSFER pulse is transmitted. This pulse both enters the accumulated t2 counts into storage and resets the counter, reinstating t1 time.

3-11. Referring to the simplified circuit, during t1 time, the current references are OFF and R36 is switched to GROUND. The ANALOG INPUT level is induced at the inverting input of the integrator amplifier due to feedback through C24. Thus, the current through R36 is a function of the ANALOG INPUT level and the t1 slope is a function of C24 and the current through R36. Note that in the actual circuit, R37 and R38 are placed in parallel with R36 in certain combinations of gain and function switch settings. When the value of R36 is thus reduced, the t1 slope is adjusted for sensitivity to lower input levels, as more integration current is now available per input level.

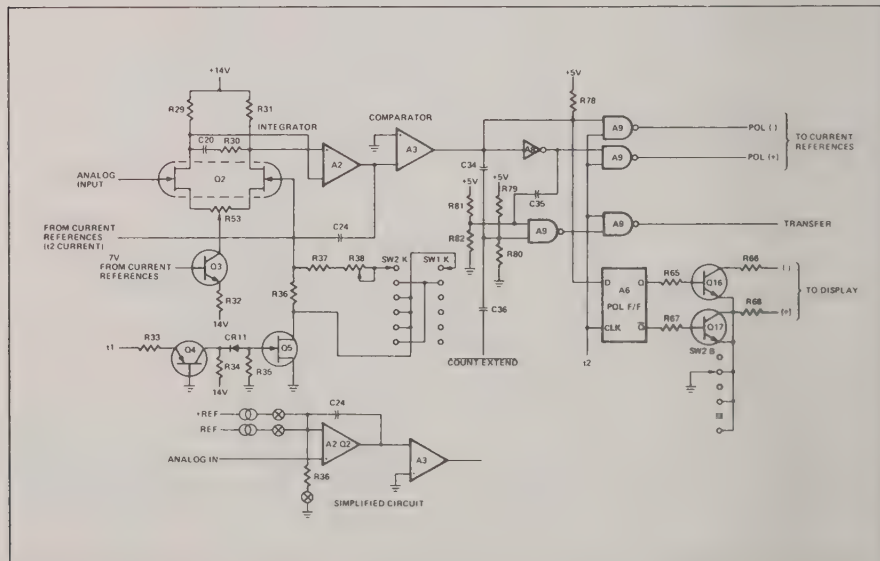


Figure 3-3. Input Amplifier, Integrator, and Comparator Circuitry

3-12. During t_2 time, R36 is switched off of GROUND, and, depending upon the t_1 slope, either the positive or negative current source is switched ON. This current is the reverse of t_1 current, causing the integrator output to return to 0 volts. Zero volts are sensed by the comparator. When the comparator changes state during t_2 time, a TRANSFER pulse results. When t_2 becomes a "1," the POLARITY flip-flop is clocked and the state of the comparator is entered into storage, updating the display. If no ZERO DETECT is produced within 9999 counts (maximum t_2 time) the TRANSFER pulse is induced by the COUNT EXTEND signal, which is issued at 9999 counts. SW2-B inhibits POLARITY in all but the dc volt and dc current functions.

3-13. COUNTER, STORAGE, AND DECODING CIRCUITRY (Figure 3-4)

3-14. The majority of this circuitry is incorporated in an LSI chip, the Mostek MK5002P. The MK5002P circuits include a counter, storage

latches, decode circuitry and clocks. The CLEAR input resets the counter. The counter is then clocked through 9999 counts at which time a COUNT EXTEND pulse is issued. Continued clocking recycles the counter with the clocking now in the t_2 time segment. The TRANSFER pulse transfers the accumulated t_2 counts into storage latches. The latch outputs are multiplexed onto four data lines and four decode lines. The four data lines are in a BCD format and are available as outputs. The BCD data is decoded to the seven-segment format required by the displays. The data outputs, both BCD and seven-segment, are validated by the digit select lines such that a "1" on the MDSL line validates the most significant digit; a "1" on the 2DSL line validates the second significant digit and so forth. The cycle rate of the digit select lines is controlled by the scan rate which is controlled by C40 and R89. Note the decoding of the BCD lines. This decoding produces the $[(1+2) \cdot 4] + 8$ term. This term is a "0" for digit counts above four, and along with the MDSL line, provides the overrange data.

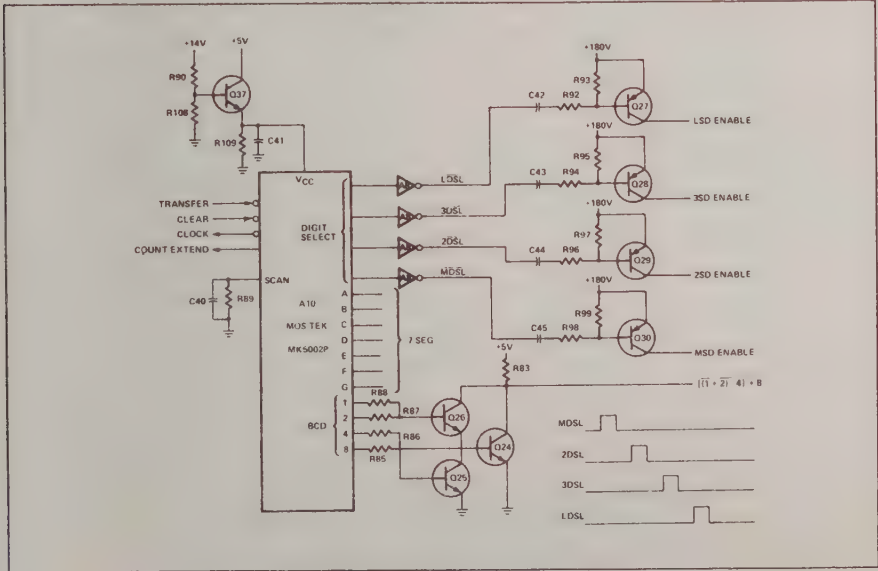


Figure 3-4. Counter, Storage, and Decoding Circuitry

3-15. INTERNAL CONTROL AND TIMING
(Figure 3-5)

3-16. The internal control and timing establishes t_1 and t_2 times as well as the overrange flash and the CLEAR signals. The TRANSFER signal resets the CLEAR flip-flop which is subsequently set by the CLOCK. The negative $\overline{\text{CLEAR}}$ pulse edge resets the t_2 flip-flop; the positive CLEAR pulse edge clocks, and thus sets, the t_1 flip-flop. The negative CLEAR spike resets the counter in the MK500P. These conditions prevail as the counter counts through t_1 time.

3-17. After 9999 counts, the COUNT EXTEND becomes a "1" and one count later returns to a

"0." The leading COUNT EXTEND pulse edge resets the t_1 flip-flop; the trailing COUNT EXTEND pulse edge clocks, and thus sets, the t_2 flip-flop. These conditions prevail throughout t_2 time. When a TRANSFER terminates t_2 time the process repeats.

3-18. The overrange flip-flop remains set unless the $[(1+2) \cdot 4] + 8$ term is a "0" during the time the most significant digit is illuminated. When overrange conditions prevail, the "0" which holds the overrange flash flip-flop reset is removed. The overrange flash flip-flop now toggles on each positive t_1 pulse edge and the display flashes alternate conversions.

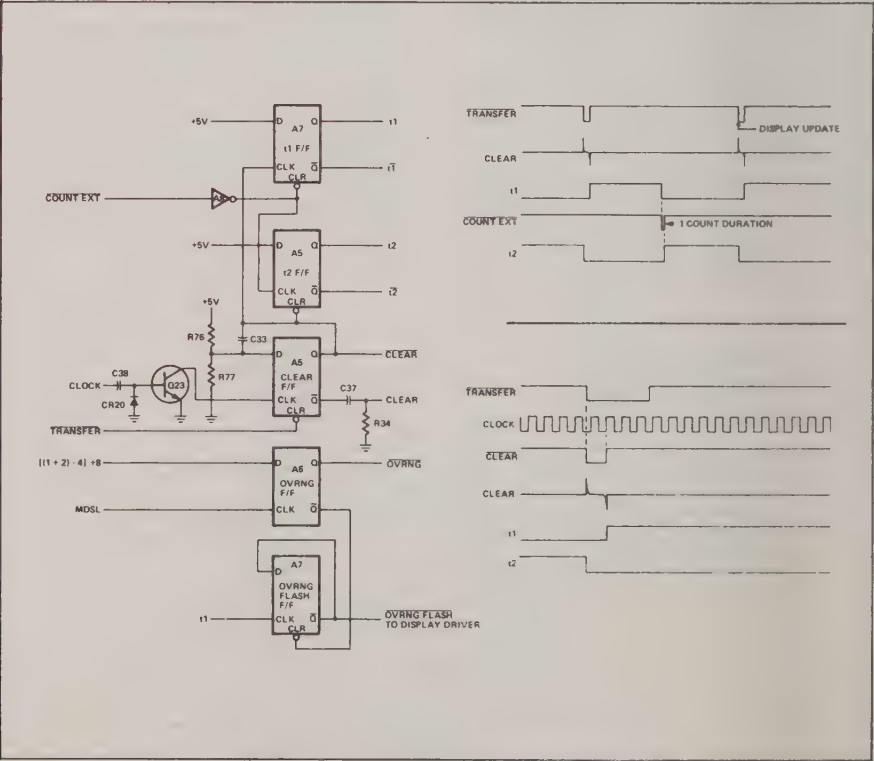


Figure 3-5. Internal Control Timing Circuitry

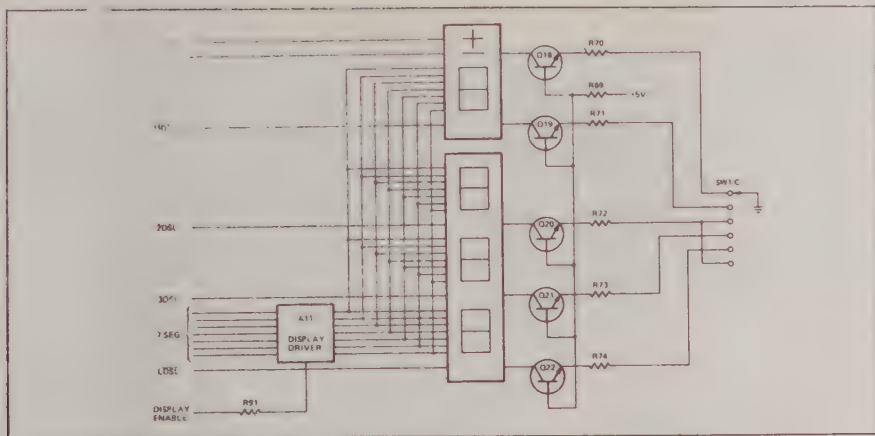


Figure 3-6. Display Circuitry

3-19. DISPLAY CIRCUITRY (Figure 3-6)

3-20. The display digits are serially enabled as the MDSL through LDSL lines each go to a "0," thereby, demultiplexing the 7-segment data. SW1-C with Q18 through Q22 determine the enabled decimal point. The DISPLAY ENABLE line is toggled for overrange conditions. R91 programs the display drive current.

3-21. CURRENT REFERENCES (Figure 3-7)

3-22. The positive current is supplied by Q6. This current is a function of the reference voltage determined by CR12 and Q9 and resistors R39, R40, and R41. The current through Q9 and CR12 is supplied by Q8 and is a function of the reference voltage determined by Q13 and CR13 and emitter resistor R43. The positive current is OFF when Q7 is ON (positive polarities).

3-23. The negative current is supplied by Q10. This current is a function of the reference voltage determined by Q13 and CR13 and resistors R46, R47, and R48. The current through Q13 and CR13 is supplied by Q12 and is a function of the reference voltage determined by Q9 and CR12 and emitter resistor R51. The negative current is OFF when Q11 is ON (negative polarities).

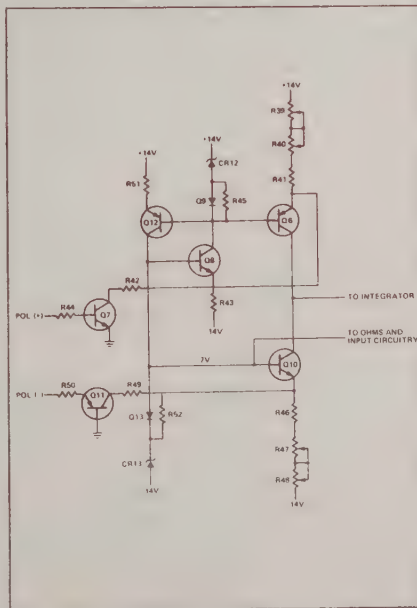


Figure 3-7. Current References

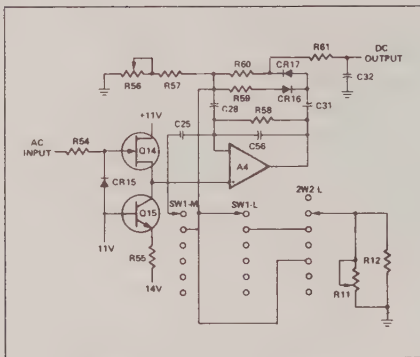


Figure 3-8. ac-to-dc Converter

3-24. ac-to-dc CONVERTER (Figure 3-8)

3-25. The ac-to-dc converter is a precision rectifier. The rectifier diodes, CR16 and CR17, are in

the feedback to reduce nonlinearity. The gain is a function of the ratio of ac feedback resistors to the shunt resistance (R56 and R57). Note that the gain is increased in the ac functions and times-one range when R11 and R12 are in parallel with the shunt resistance. Q14 is a source follower with Q15 a current source.

3-26. INPUT SWITCHING -- VOLTAGE FUNCTIONS (Figure 3-9)

3-27. Figure 3-9 shows only the wiring for the voltage functions. This circuitry determines the input configuration and attenuation. SW2-A determines whether the unit is ac or dc coupled. SW2-B shunts 20 megohms to GROUND in the ac position. SW2-N grounds the input to the ac-to-dc converter in the dc position. SW1-B connects the input directly to the ac-to-dc converter in positions one and two for the ac voltage function, and shunts R21 across R1 in positions three four and five

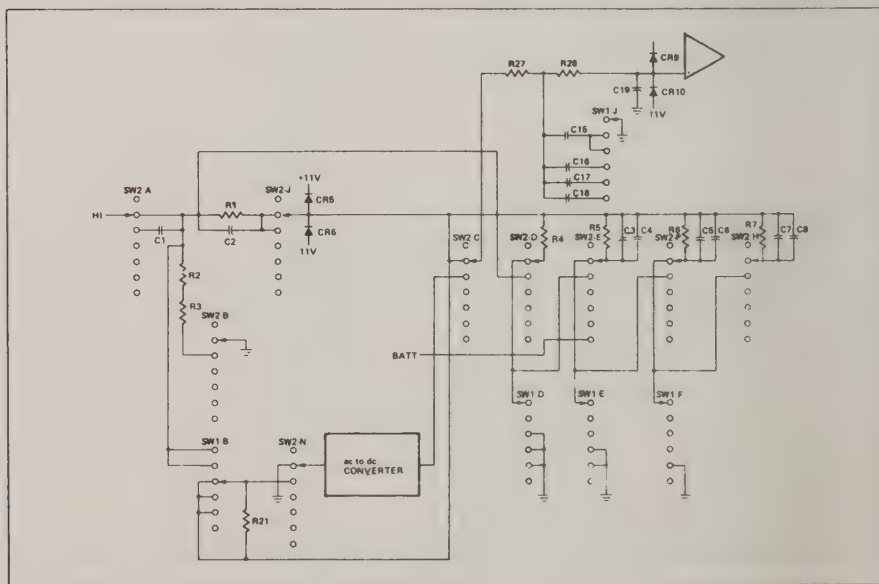


Figure 3-9. Voltage Circuitry

of SW1-B and the ac voltage function, the attenuator output is connected to the ac-to-dc converter, SW2-C connects the converter input to the attenuator output for the dc voltage function and connects the converter input to the ac-to-dc converter output for the ac voltage function. SW1-J selects capacitors to maintain the NMR for the various attenuator positions. SW2-D, E, F, and H with SW1-D, E, and F determine the attenuation.

3-28. INPUT SWITCHING – CURRENT FUNCTIONS (Figure 3-10)

3-29. Figure 3-10 shows only the wiring for the

current functions. This circuitry determines the input configuration and the input resistance. SW2-A connects the input high to the input resistor through F1. SW1-A selects the input resistance value. SW2-C and SW2-N place the ac-to-dc converter in series with the input high and the converter input for the ac current function. The circuitry including CR1 through CR4 and R13 and R14 provides protection for the input resistors by preventing voltages in excess of about 1 volt from developing across the input resistance. Under normal conditions, CR1 and CR2 are reverse biased by R13 and R14.

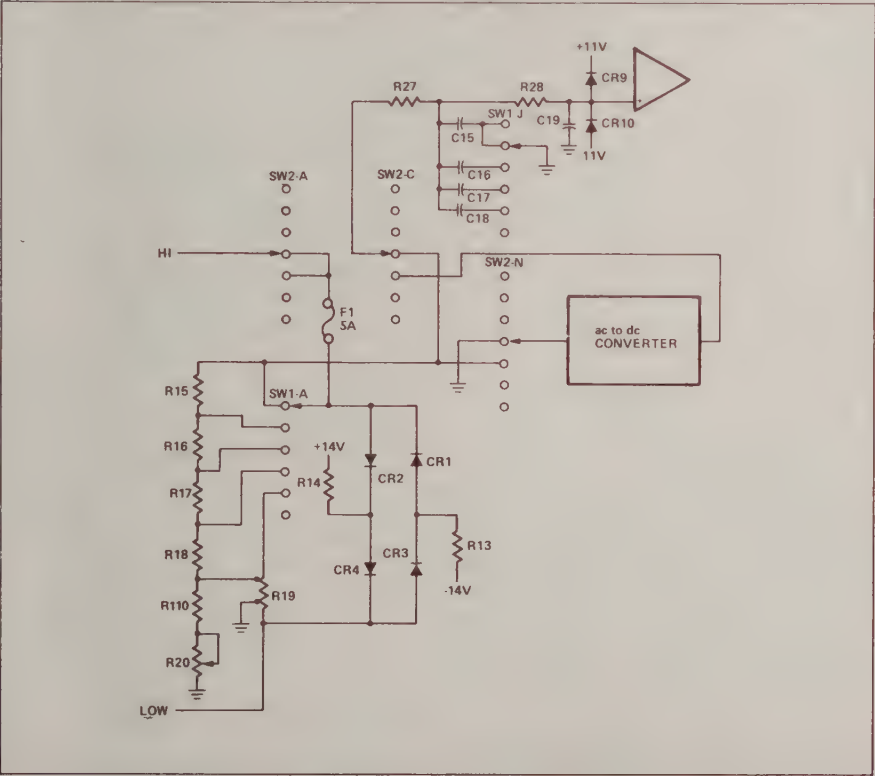


Figure 3-10. Current Circuitry

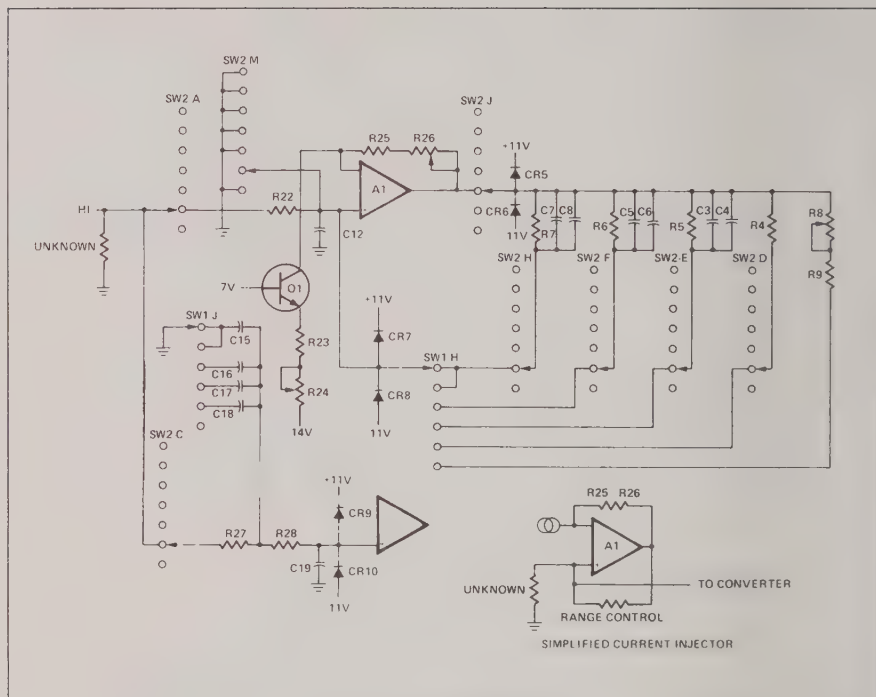


Figure 3-11. Ohm Circuitry

3-30. INPUT SWITCHING – OHM FUNCTION (Figure 3-11)

3-31. Figure 3-11 shows only the wiring for the ohm function. This circuitry determines the current flowing in the unknown. The basic circuit is a current injector. Referring to the simplified circuit, the current from the current source flows through R25, R26. The voltage across R25, R26 also appears across the range control resistor. The value of the range control determines the current through the range control and, therefore, the current through the unknown.

3-32. In the actual circuitry, Q1, R23, and R24 comprise the current source and the range control resistance is selectable via SW1-H.

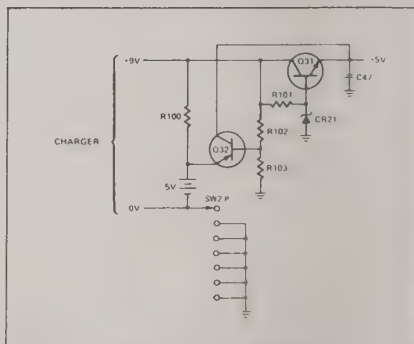


Figure 3-12. 5-Volt Supply

3-33. 5-VOLT SUPPLY (Figure 3-12)

3-34. The +9 volts are only available when the charger is connected. With +9 volts connected, Q32 is OFF, the batteries—if present—receive charge current through R100, and the +5-volt output is from the zener controlled pass transistor.

3-35. When the +9 volt is not connected, Q32 is biased ON by R103. Q32 now connects the battery directly to the +5-volt output.

3-36. dc to dc CONVERTER (Figure 3-13)

3-37. At turn on, Q34 turns ON, Q33 is biased OFF and t1 is driven to saturation. Saturation causes the field of t1 to collapse. As the field collapses into the reverse direction, Q34 turns OFF and Q33 turns ON. Q33 now drives t1 to saturation in the reverse direction. The ac voltage supplied to t1 is, thus, the result of Q33 and Q34 alternately driving t1 from saturation level to saturation level.

3-38. The ± 14 -volt regulators are full-wave rectifiers with capacitance input filters and zener controlled pass transistors. The +180 volts are supplied by a voltage doubler.

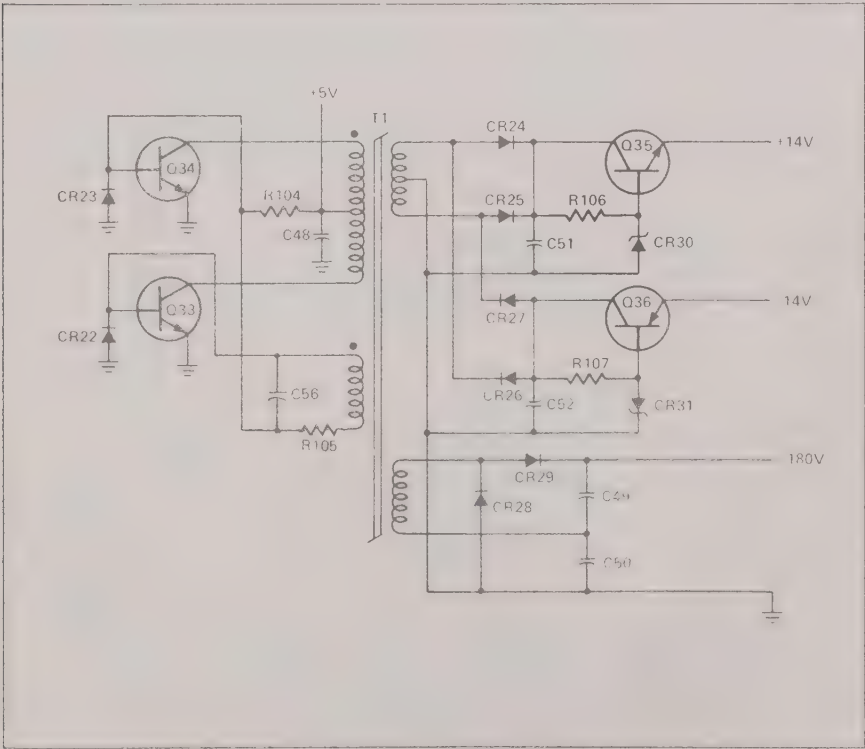


Figure 3-13. dc-to-dc Converter

SECTION IV CALIBRATION AND AID TO TROUBLESHOOTING

4.1. TEST EQUIPMENT

4.2. Test equipment suitable for calibration or repair is specified in Table 4-1.

4.3. CALIBRATION

4.4. The accuracy of the model 30A should be verified at 90-day intervals. The accuracy is confirmed when known inputs yield corresponding displays, within specified accuracy.

4.5. CALIBRATION PROCEDURE (Figure 4-1)

1. Pull the two nylatch fasteners on the rear plate, and remove the top cover and shield.

Table 4-1. Test Equipment

Test Equipment	Accuracy
Voltmeter	0.01%
dc Voltage Standard	0.02%
ac Voltage Standard	0.1%
Resistance Standard	0.02%
dc Current Standard	0.05%
ac Current Standard	0.1%

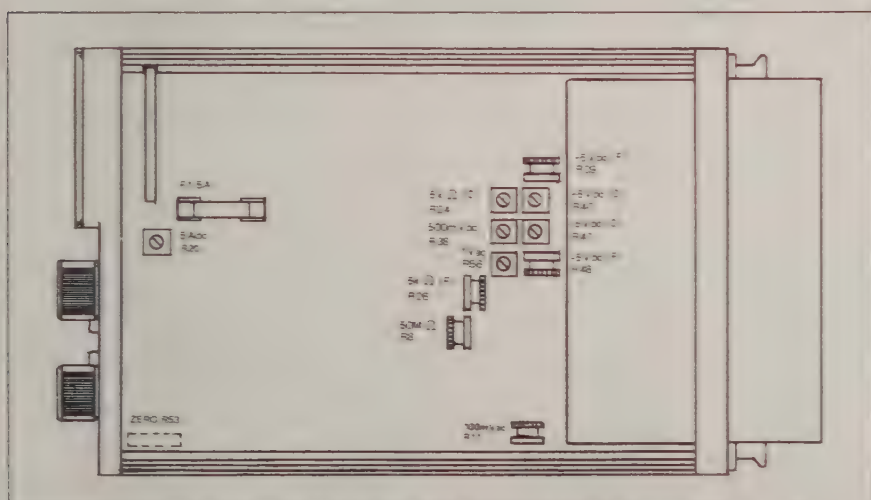


Figure 4-1. Calibration Adjustment Locations

2. Replace and secure the rear plate by repositioning the plate and pressing the nylatch fasteners.
3. If the unit is being calibrated without the charger, verify a display of 4.600 or greater with the function switch set to "BATT."
4. Allow a 5-minute warm-up and proceed with Table 4-2.

4-6. REASSEMBLY

4-7. The easiest method for reassembling the rear panel is: After the chassis components are in place, position the unit with the front panel facing you. Seat and fasten the right rear side followed by the left rear side rather than attempting to seat both sides at once. The unit will tolerate the slight cocking of the rear panel required during this procedure.

4-8. FACTORY REPAIR

4-9. Data Tech maintains a factory repair facility. Our trained technicians are available to repair your instruments with a minimum of inconvenience to you. Refer to the customer service card inside the back cover for equipment return instructions.

4-10. AID TO TROUBLESHOOTING

4-11. The checks which follow should serve to isolate the problem to a specific functional area. When specified results are not obtained, reference is given to the applicable drawing in Section VI and the applicable paragraph in Section III. Refer to the applicable layout drawing in Section VI for component locations.

NOTE

Before attempting any repairs, read the warranty on page iii.

4-12. The following checks are arranged in an order of dependency and, therefore, the order of testing should be as presented.

4-13. A complete access to the internal assemblies requires only that the two nylatch fasteners on the rear panel be pulled. The rear panel is then withdrawn and the top and bottom covers and shields removed. Return the rear panel and push the nylatch fasteners to make the unit operational with top and bottom covers removed.

4-14. Power Supply Checks

4-15. Perform the checks specified in Table 4-3.

Table 4-2. Calibration Adjustments

Input	Function	Range	Adjust	Display
Short	VDC	0.5	ZERO (R53) (Front Panel)	0.0000
+4.000V	VDC	5	+5VDC (C) (R40) & +5VDC (F) (R39)	+4.000
-4.000V	VDC	5	-5VDC (C) (R47) & -5VDC (F) (R48)	-4.000
+0.4000V	VDC	0.5	500mVDC (R38)	+0.4000
4.000k Ω	K Ω	5	5K Ω (C) (R24) & 5K Ω (F) (R26)	4.000
10.000M Ω	K Ω	50M	50K Ω (R8)	10.00
4.000Vrms 5kHz	VAC	5	5VAC (R56)	4.000
0.4000Vrms 5kHz	VAC	0.5	500mVAC (R11)	0.4000
2Adc	mADC	5000	5ADC (R20)	2000
Note: C = coarse; F = fine				

Table 4-3. Power Supply Checks

Test Points		Conditions	Voltage (dc)	For Failure See
HI	LO			
C46 "+"	C46 "-"	Charger In	+9V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-33
C47 "+"	C47 "-"	Charger In	+5V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-33
C47 "+"	C47 "-"	Charger Out	BATT V ($\approx 5V$)	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-33
C26 "+"	C26 "-"	—	+14V	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-36
C27 "-"	C27 "+"	—	-14V	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-36
CR18 cath	CR18 anod	—	+11V	Dwg 549587, pg 1
CR19 anod	CR19 cath	—	-11V	Dwg 549587, pg 1
Q13 col	C13 "-"	—	$\approx -7V$	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-21

Note: When the specified voltage is not present because of loading, components may have to be removed to isolate the circuit drawing excessive current (see drawing 548477).

4-16. Converter Checks

4-17. Perform the checks specified in Table 4-4.

4-18. Input Function Checks

4-19. Check each function using a corresponding input. Refer to Table 4-5 for failure references.

Table 4-4. Converter Checks

Test Points		Function	Range	Input	Results	For Failure See
HI	LO					
Q23-col	C47 "-"	—	—	—	100 — 170kHz clock	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13 & 3-15
A10-10	C47 "-"	—	—	—	2 — 5kHz clock	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13 & 3-15
Q27-col	C47 "-"	—	—	—	$\approx 400\mu s$ @ +180V low signal level +100 — +150V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13
Q28-col	C47 "-"	—	—	—	$\approx 400\mu s$ @ +180V low signal level +100 — +150V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13

Table 4-4. Converter Checks

Test Points HI	Test Points LO	Function	Range	Input	Results	For Failure See
Q29-col	C47 “-”	—	—	—	$\approx 400\mu\text{s}$ @ +180V low signal level +100 — +150V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13
Q30-col	C47 “-”	—	—	—	$\approx 400\mu\text{s}$ @ +180V low signal level +100 — +150V	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13
A8-6	C47 “-”	—	—	—	$\approx 10\mu\text{s}$ @ 0V pulse	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13 & 3-15
A2-6	C47 “-”	dcV	5	+4.900V	dual slope wave; pos then neg slopes	① Dwg 549587, par 3-10, 3-13, 3-15, 3-21, 3-26
A2-6	C47 “-”	dcV	5	-4.900V	dual slope wave; neg then pos slopes	① Dwg 549587, par 3-10, 3-13, 3-15, 3-21, 3-26
—	—	dcV	5	-0.001V	“-” display	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-10 & 3-19
—	—	dcV	5	+0.001V	“+” display	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-10 & 3-19
—	—	acV, mAac k Ω	5	open	no polarity indica- tion	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-10
—	—	dcV	5	0 — 4.999V	verify all display digits 0 — 9 except verify MSD 0 — 4	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13, 3-15, 3-19
—	—	dcV	.5 — 5000	—	corresponding deci- mal point position	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-19
—	—	—	50M	—	decimal point @ 48.88	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-19
—	—	dcV	5	0 — 4.999V	no display flash	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-15
—	—	dcV	5	5.000V — ② 9.999V	display flash	Dwg 549587, pg 2; par 3-13 & 3-15

① The feedback loop of the converter prevents checks which lead directly to the malfunctioning functional area. The circuitry encompasses the following IC's: A2, A3, and A5 through A10; also, transistors Q2 through Q13.

② Display value not necessarily related to input, past $\approx 6.000\text{V}$

Table 4-5. Function Failure References

Function	For Failure See
dcV	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-26
acV	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-24 & 3-26
mAac	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-28
mAac	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-24 & 3-28
k Ω	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-30
① BATT	Dwg 549587, pg 1; par 3-26

① Batteries must be installed

PH 714 546 7160

NOTES

714
546
7160

SECTION V
SPECIAL MODIFICATIONS
(TO BE FILLED IN WHEN UNITS ARE MODIFIED)

DESCRIPTION OF MODIFICATION(S)

CHANGES IN SPECIFIED OPERATION(S)

DRAWINGS APPLICABLE TO MODIFICATION(S)

SECTION VI
DRAWINGS AND PARTS LISTS

6-1. GENERAL

6-2. This section contains schematics, layout drawings, and parts lists.

6-3. DRAWINGS AND PARTS LISTS

Drawing Number	Title
549590	3-1/2 Digit Multimeter Assembly, Model 30A
549587	3-1/2 Digit Multimeter, Schematic Diagram, Model 30A
549589 page 2	Mother Board Assembly, 3-1/2 Digit Multimeter, Model 30A
549589	Mother Board Assembly, Parts List
548313	Display Board Assembly, 3-1/2 Digit, Model 30A
548313	Display Board Assembly, Parts List

TABLE I. ASSEMBLY VARIATIONS

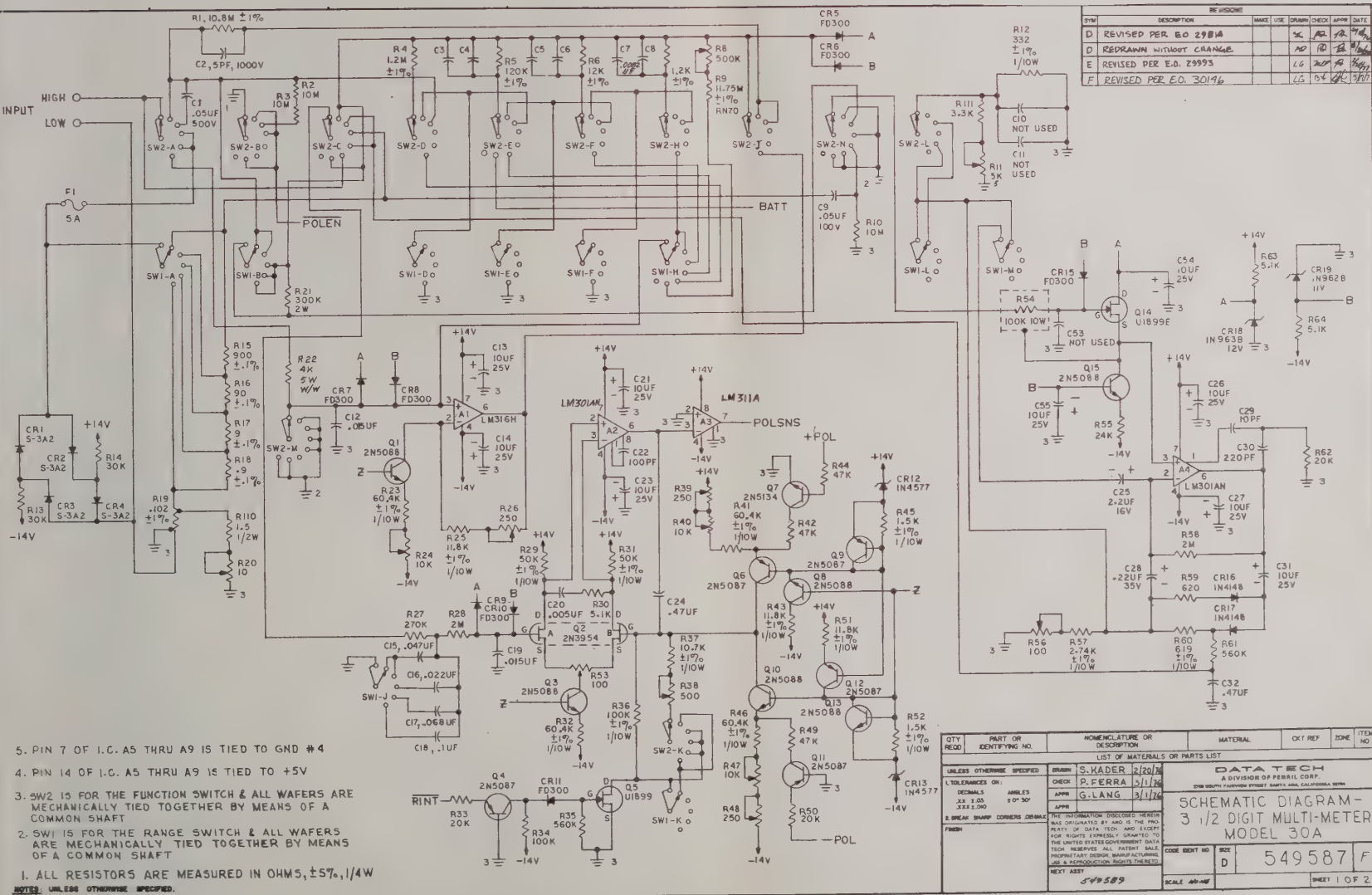
[illegible]

REF	508269-001	SHIPPING CONTAINER
RAI REF	507593-001	MAJULU
REL REF	530068-001	TEST LEADS RPT
1	508596-001	LARAL OCELEUM (MO)
	508597-001	SEED, TRS
	508598-001	SARUWA OUD
2	508701-001	SEED, DRUG, MARIUO
2	508703-001	PAKING SHIPMENT
1	507615-001	SEED, TRS
1	530086-005	SEED, TRS
2	530086-005	ESTABL, MANUFACTURE
1	562597-005	ESTABL, LOVER
1	508714-001	SEED, TRS
1	531-001-001	PLANT, MINOR
1	508742-001	HAIR, FOOT
REF	508750-000	FRONT DRAIN ASSY
1	508790-000	SEAL, MOTOR, RASY
1	508791-000	SEAL
1	519289-001	MOTOR, BAKED, RASY

ASSEMBLY 3 1/2 DIGIT MULTIMETER
MODEL 90A

4506	D	54959C	C
DATE			SHIRT / 058

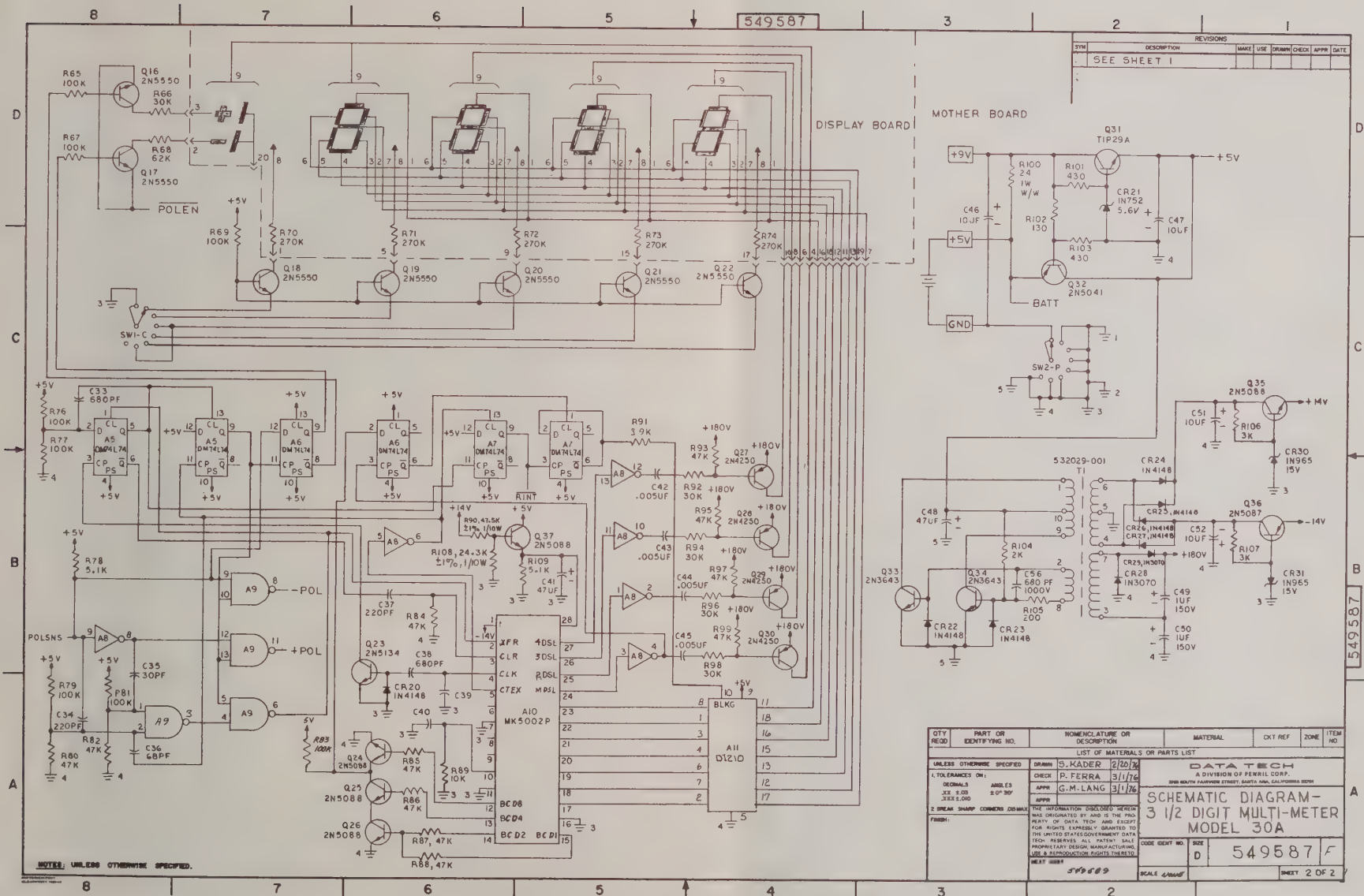
	DATE / QTY
--	------------

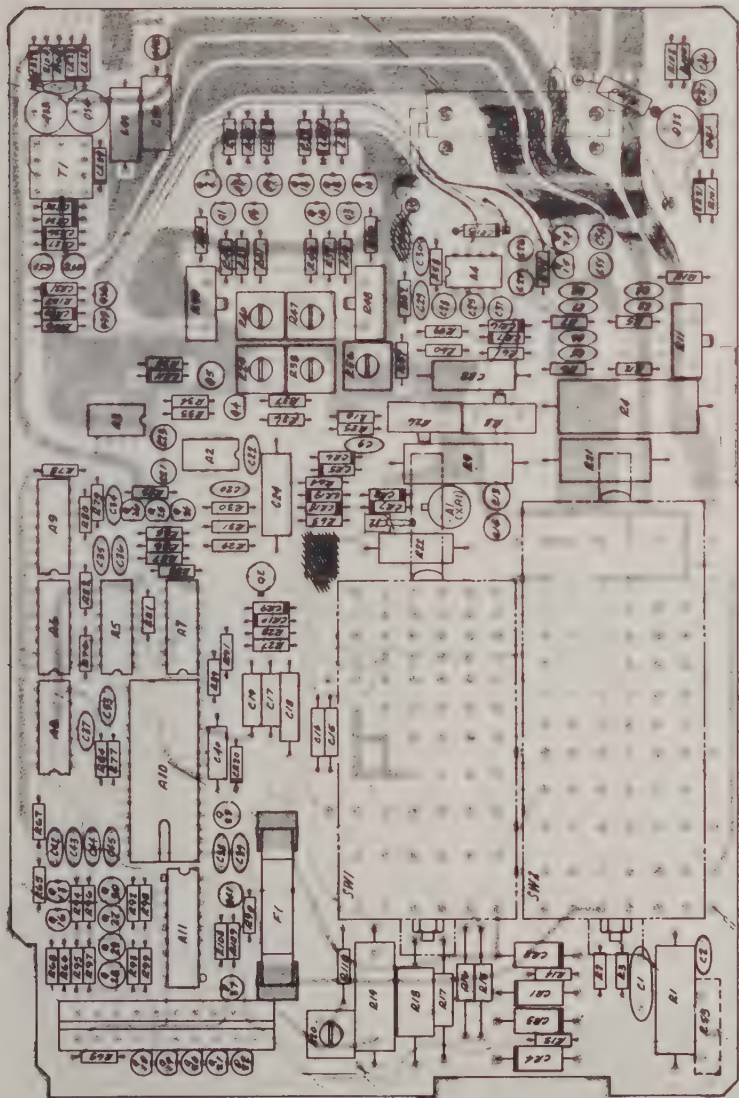


- 5. PIN 7 OF I.C. A5 THRU A9 IS TIED TO GND #4
 - 4. PIN 14 OF I.C. A5 THRU A9 IS TIED TO +5V
 - 3. SW2 IS FOR THE FUNCTION SWITCH & ALL WAFERS ARE MECHANICALLY TIED TOGETHER BY MEANS OF A COMMON SHAFT
 - 2. SW1 IS FOR THE RANGE SWITCH & ALL WAFERS ARE MECHANICALLY TIED TOGETHER BY MEANS OF A COMMON SHAFT
 - 1. ALL RESISTORS ARE MEASURED IN OHMS, $\pm 5\%$, 1/10W
- NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

REVISIONS		MAKE	USE	DATE
D	REVISED PER E.O. 29814	✓	✓	✓
E	REDESIGNED WITHOUT CHANGE	✓	✓	✓
F	REVISED PER E.O. 29993	✓	✓	✓
G	REVISED PER E.O. 30146	✓	✓	✓

QTY REQ	PART OR IDENTIFYING NO.	NOMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	QTY REQ	ZONE	ITEM NO.
LIST OF MATERIALS OR PARTS LIST						
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED			DATA TECH A DIVISION OF PERKEL CORP. 2000 SOUTH FAIRVIEW STREET SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92705			
DRAWN		S. KADER	2/20/76	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 3 1/2 DIGIT MULTI-METER MODEL 30A		
CHECKED		P. FERRA	5/1/76			
APPROVED		G. LANG	3/1/76			
APPROVED						
THE INFORMATION DISCLOSED HEREIN WAS ORIGINATED BY AND IS THE PROPERTY OF DATA TECH. AND IS LOANED TO YOU EXPRESSLY GRANTED TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. DATA TECH. RESERVES ALL PATENT RIGHTS. PROPRIETARY DESIGN, MANUFACTURING, AND REPRODUCTION RIGHTS ARE RESERVED.						
NEXT ASST		549589	CODE IDENT NO BOX		549587 F	
			SCALE		SHEET 1 OF 2	





Model 30A Mother board
Drawing Number 549589

REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Model 30A
Description Mother Board Assembly

Data	Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
			Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
532069-001		A1 Int Ckt, Operational Amplifier	27014	National Semiconductor LM316H				
531988-001		A2, A4 Int Ckt, Operational Amplifier	27014	National Semiconductor LM301AN				
532065-001		A3 Int Ckt, Comparator	27014	National Semiconductor LM311N				
532057-004		A5, A6, A7 Int Ckt	27014	National Semiconductor DM74L74				
532057-002		A8 Int Ckt	27014	National Semiconductor DM74L04				
532057-001		A9 Int Ckt	27014	National Semiconductor DM74L00				
532054-001		A10 Int Ckt		Mostek Corp. MK5002P				
532066-001		A11 Int Ckt		Dionics Inc. DI210				
531338-077		C1 Cap .05 μ F, 500V	56289	Sprague 5GA-S50				
531338-079		C2 Cap 5pF, 1000V	56289	Sprague 10TS-V50				
531338-999		C3, C4, C6, C8, C39 Cap <i>Select in Test</i>	56289	Sprague <i>Select in Test</i>				
530333-821		C5 Cap 820pF, 300V		El Menco				
503980-822		C7 Cap .0082 μ F, 100V	56289	El Menco				
531338-001		C9 Cap .05 μ F, 100V		Sprague 55C23A7				

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
531568-013	C12, C19 Cap .015 μ F	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B153M				
532043-043	C13, C14, C21, C23, C26, C27, C31, C46, C47 C51, C52, C54, C55 Cap 10 μ F, 25V	14433	ITT Semiconductor TAG-14-10.0/25-20				
531568-014	C15 Cap .047 μ F	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B473M				
531568-012	C16 Cap .022 μ F	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B223M				
531568-001	C17 Cap .068 μ F	27556	IMB Electronics XA2B683	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B683		
531568-005	C18 Cap .1 μ F	27556	IMB Electronics XA2C104K	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B104K		
531338-070	C20, C42, C43, C44, C45 Cap .005 μ F	56289	Sprague 5CA-D80				
531338-038	C22 Cap 100pF, 1000V	56289	Sprague 5GA-T10				
531568-015	C24, C32 Cap .47 μ F	14752	Electro Cube 210B1B474M				
532043-023	C25 Cap 2.2 μ F, 16V	14433	ITT Semiconductor TAG-11-2-2/16-20				
532043-046	C28 Cap 22 μ F, 35V	14433	ITT Semiconductor TAG-11-0.22/35-20				
531338-021	C29 Cap 10pF, 1000V	56289	Sprague 5GA-Q10				
531338-043	C30, C37, C34 Cap 220pF, 1000V	56289	Sprague 5CA-T22				
531338-053	C38 Cap 680pF	56289	Sprague, 5GA-T68				
531338-006	C33 C2P .001	56289	Sprague 5GA-Q30				
531338-029	C35 Cap 30pF	56289	Sprague 5CA-Q68				
531338-035	C36 Cap 88pF, 1000V	56289	IMB Electronics Select in Tent.				
531568-999	C40 Cap <i>Select in Tent</i>	27556	ITT Semiconductor TAG-14-47.0/6.3-20				
532043-015	C41 C48 Cap 47 μ F, 6.3V	14433					

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1			Source 2			Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	
532058-001	C49, C50 Cap 1.0µF, 150V	09023	Cornell/Dubilier Electric NLW-1-150						
532070-001	CR1, CR2, CR3, CR4 Diode		Semicon, Inc. S-3A2						
531964-001	CR5, CR6, CR7, CR8, CR9, CR10, CR11, CR15 Diode	07263	Fairchild Semiconductor FD300						
818944-250	CR12, CR13 Diode	04713	Motorola 1N4577						
820284-010	CR16, CR17, CR20, CR22, CR23, CR24, CR25, CR26, CR27	07910	Texas Instruments 1N4148	14433	ITT Semiconductor 1N4148				
503458-006	CR19 Diode	04713	Motorola - 1N962B	13715	Fairchild - 1N962B		12954	Dickson 1N963B	
503458-007	CR18 Diode	04713	Motorola - 1N963B		1N963B				
503176-007	CR21 Diode	07910	Texas Instruments 1N752A	73293	Huges Aircraft 1N752A			Hoffman Electronics 1N752A	
532067-001	CR28, CR29 Diode	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 1N3070						
503458-009	CR30, CR31 Diode	04713	Motorola 1N965	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 1N965		12954	Dickson 1N965	
*532032-200	R1 Res 10.8M	14506	Data Tech 532032-200						
503100-106	R2, R3, R10 Res 10M, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB1065	09021	Airco Speer 4R106J				
*532032-200	R4 Res 1.2M	14506	Data Tech 532032-200						
*532032-200	R5 Res 120k	14506	Data Tech 532032-200						
*532032-200	R6 Res 12k	14506	Data Tech 532032-200						
*532032-200	R7 Res 1.2k	14506	Data Tech 532032-200						
532021-007	R8 Pot 500k	80294	Bourns 3853W-1-504						

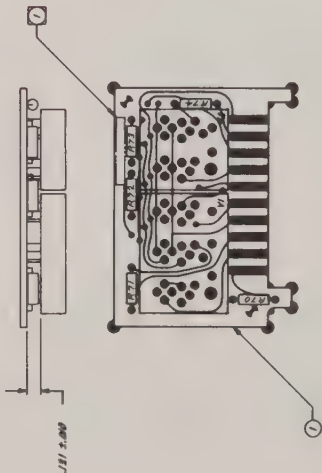
*matched set

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
531986-012	R9 Res 11.75 M	03888	Pyrofilm PME70-T241.75M ± 1				
532021-005	R11 Pot 5k	80294	Bourns 3353W-1-502				
532050-147	R12 Res 332 Ω , 1/10W, $\pm 1\%$	28363	Corning Glas Technical Products Div. NA55				
503100-303	R13, R14, R66, R92, R94, R96, R98 Res 30k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB3035	09021	Airco Speer 4R303J		
532031-001	R15 Res 900 Ω , 1/4W	14506	Data Tech 532031-001				
532031-002	R16 Res 90 Ω	14506	Data Tech 532031-002				
532031-003	R17 Res 9 Ω	14506	Data Tech 532031-003				
532031-004	R18 Res 9 Ω	14506	Data Tech 532031-004				
532031-005	R19 Res 102 Ω	14506	Data Tech 532031-005				
531970-100	R20 Pot 10 Ω	73138	Beckman Instruments 72PMR10k				
503103-304	R21 Res 300k, 2W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley RC42GF304J	09021	Airco Speer RC42GF304J		
532046-008	R22 Res 4k 6 5W	07088	Kelvin Electric				
531854-352	R23, R32, R41, R46 Res 60 4k, 1/10W, $\pm 1\%$	80031	Meeco RN56E6042F	19701	Electra/Midland RN56E6042F		
531970-001	R24, R40, R47 Pot 10k	73138	Beckman Instruments 72PMR10K				
531854-351	R25, R43, R51 Res 11.8k, 1/10W, $\pm 1\%$	80031	Meeco RN56E1182F	19701	Electra/Midland RN56E1182F		

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
532021-002	R26, R39, R48 Pot 250Ω		Pfizer PT15YB-250				
503100-274	R27 Res 270k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2745	09021	Airco Speer 4R274J		
503100-205	R28, R58 Res 2M, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2055	09021	Airco Speer 4R205J		
531572-015	R29, R31 Res 50k, 1/10W, ±1%	03888	Pyrofilm RN5SE03B				
503100-512	R30, R63, R64, R78, R109 Res 5.1k 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB5125	09021	Airco Speer 4R512J		
503100-203	R33, R50, R62 Res 20k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2035	09021	Airco Speer 4R203J		
503100-104	R34, R65, R67, R69, R76, R77, R79, R81, R83 Res 100k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB1045	09021	Airco Speer 4R104J		
503100-564	R35, R61 Res 560k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB5645	09021	Airco Speer 4R564J		
531854-353	R36 Res 100k, 1/10W, ±1%	80031	Mepeco RN55E1003F	19701	Electra/Midland RN55E1003F		
531854-350	R37 Res 10.7k, 1/10W, ±1%	80031	Mepeco RN55E1072F	19701	Electra/Midland RN55E1072F		
531970-501	R38 Pot 500Ω	73138	Beckman Instruments 72PMR500				
503100-473	R42, R44, R49, R82, R84, R85, R86, R87, R88, R93, R95, R97, R99, R80 Res 47k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB4735	09021	Airco Speer 4R473J		
532050-210	R45, R52 Res 1.5k, 1/4W, 5%	28363	Corning Glass Technical Products Div. NA55				
531866-005	R53 Pot 200Ω	73138	Beckman Instruments 89PR200	80294	Bourns 3008P-1-201		
549594-200	R54 Res 100k, 10W, W/W	07088	Kelvin Electric KM1000				

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
503100-243	R56 Res 24k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2435	09021	Alarco Speer 4R243J		
531970-101	R56 Pot 100Ω	73138	Beckman Instruments 72PMR100				
532050-235	R57 Res 2.74k, 1/10W, ±1%	28363	Corning Glass Technical Products Div. NA55				
503100-621	R59 Res 620Ω, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB6215	09021	Alarco Speer 4R621J		
532050-173	R60 Res 618Ω, 1/10W, ±1%	28363	Corning Glass Technical Products Div. NA55				
503100-623	R68 Res 62k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB6235	09021	Alarco Speer 4R623J		
503100-103	R89 Res 10k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB1035	09021	Alarco Speer 4R103J		
532050-418	R90 Res 47.5k, 1/10W, ±1%	28363	Corning Glass Technical Products Div. NA55				
503102-240	R100 Res 24Ω, 1W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley RC32GF240J	09021	Alarco Speer RC32GF2J		
503100-431	R101, R103 Res 430Ω, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB4315	09021	Alarco Speer 4R431J		
503100-131	R102 Res 130Ω, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB1315	09021	Alarco Speer 4R131J		
503100-202	R104 Res 2k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2025	09021	Alarco Speer 4R202J		
503100-201	R105 Res 200Ω, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2015	09021	Alarco Speer 4R201J		
503100-302	R106, R107 Res 3k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB3025	09021	Alarco Speer 4R302J		
532050-390	R108 Res 24.3k, 1/10W, ±1%	28363	Corning Glass Technical Products Div. NA55				
503100-392	R91 Res 3.9k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley, CB3925				

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
503101-015	R110 Res 1.5 Ω , 1/2W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley EB1G6	09021	Airco Speer SR1/2 IR5J		
503100-332	R111 Res 3.3k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB3325	09021	Airco Speer 4R322J		
818954-010	Q1, Q3, Q8, Q10, Q13, Q15, Q24, Q25, Q26 Q35, Q37 Transistor	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 2N5088				
532189-001	Q2 Transistor	17856	Siliconix E7028				
531966-001	Q4, Q6, Q9, Q11, Q12, Q36 Transistor	04713	Motorola 2N5087				
531785-001	Q5, Q14 Transistor	27014	National Semiconductor U1899E				
818956-010	Q7, Q23 Transistor	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 2N5134				
531952-001	Q16, Q17, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q21, Q22 Transistor	04713	Motorola 2N5550				
531772-001	Q27, Q28, Q29, Q30 Transistor	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 2N4250				
822126-010	Q31 Transistor	07910	Texas Instruments TIP29A				
532071-001	Q32 Transistor	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 2N5041				
530719-002	Q33, Q34 Transistor	13715	Fairchild Semiconductor 2N3643				
503067-022	F1, Fuse 5A, 3AG	75915	Littlefuse 312005				
532036-002	SW1 Switch, Rotary (RANGE)		CTS Keane Inc. 212 T Bird Series				
532036-001	SW2 Switch, Rotary (FUNCTION)		CTS Keane Inc. 212 T Bird Series				
532029-001	T1 Transformer		PCA Electronics EP6361A				



REVIEWS						
BY	DESCRIPTION	MAJOR USE	DEVELOP	CHECK	APPROV	DATE
A	RELEASED PER E.O. 11714		AMH	✓	AMH	7/27/76
B	REVISED PER EO 21904	✓	AMH	✓	AMH	8/2/76
C	REVISED PER EO 22344		OK	✓	AMH	7/1/76

[illegible]

REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Model 30 A
Description Display Board Assembly

Data Tech No	Description	Source 1		Source 2		Source 3	
		Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type	Code Ident	Mfg & Type
503100-274	R70 — R74 Res 270k, 1/4W, 5%	01121	Allen Bradley CB2735	09026	Airco Speer 4R273J		
532068-002	V1 Display, 2-1/2 Digit	07187	Sperry Information Dis- plays Division SP334				
532068-001	V2 Display, 2 Digit	07187	Sperry Information Dis- plays Division SP332				



Printed in USA